FUEL CELL TECHNOLOGIES OFFICE





Hydrogen and Fuel Cells Technical Advisory Committee and the DOE Hydrogen and Fuel Cells Program

November 21, 2014

Sarah Studer, PhD

ORISE Fellow
Fuel Cell Technologies Office
Energy Efficiency & Renewable Energy

- Hydrogen and Fuel Cells TAC
- DOE Hydrogen and Fuel Cells Program overview
- Fuel Cell Technologies Office
- FCTO activities relevant to Biomass RD&D

To advise the Secretary of Energy on:

- 1. The implementation of programs and activities under Title VIII of EPACT
- 2. The safety, economical, and environmental consequences of technologies to produce, distribute, deliver, store or use hydrogen energy and fuel cells
- 3. The DOE Hydrogen & Fuel Cells Program Plan

"The purposes of this title are—

- 1) to enable and promote comprehensive development, demonstration, and commercialization of hydrogen and fuel cell technology in partnership with industry;
- 2) to make critical public investments in building strong links to private industry, institutions of higher education, National Laboratories, and research institutions to expand innovation and industrial growth;
- 3) to build a mature hydrogen economy that creates fuel diversity in the massive transportation sector of the United States;
- 4) to sharply decrease the dependency of the United States on imported oil, eliminate most emissions from the transportation sector, and greatly enhance our energy security; and
- 5) to create, strengthen, and protect a sustainable national energy economy. "

November 2014 HTAC Meeting Agenda



Time	Topic	Speaker	
8:30 – 9:00 am	 HTAC Business Welcome for new members Approval of November 18-19 meeting agenda Reminder of 2015 meeting dates Public comment period 	John Hofmeister, HTAC Chair	
9:00 – 10:00 am	DOE Updates and DiscussionDOE Leadership UpdatesDOE Program and Budget Updates	Reuben Sarkar, Deputy Assistant Secretary for Transportation, DOE Dr. Sunita Satyapal, Director, Fuel Cell Technologies Office, DOE	
10:00 – 10:45 am	DOE Nuclear Energy Office Update	Carl Sink, DOE, Office of Nuclear Energy	
10:45 – 11:00 am	Break		
11:00 – 11:45 am	GE Update on MW-scale SOFC	Johanna Wellington, GE Global Research	
11:45 – 12:15 pm	H2USA Update	Morry Markowitz, H2USA	
12:15 – 1:15 pm	Lunch Break		
1:15 – 2:00 pm	8-State ZEV MOU	Matt Solomon, Northeast States for Coordinated Air Use Management (NESCAUM)	
2:00 – 2:45 pm	CA Activities Update and Hydrogen Infrastructure Challenges (e.g., contamination and metering)	Tyson Eckerle, California Governor's Office	
2:45 – 3:45 pm	Linde Stations and Technology	Michael Beckman, Linde	
3:45 – 4:00 pm	Break		
4:00 – 5:00 pm	FirstElement Hydrogen Stations	Shane Stephens, FirstElement Fuel	
5:00 – 5:30 pm	2014 HTAC Annual Report Planning	Bob Rose, HTAC	

Time	Topic	Speaker
8:30 – 9:00 am	Perspectives and Discussion on Hydrogen	The Honorable Byron Dorgan
9:00 – 9:45 am	HTAC Subcommittee UpdatesRetail Fueling InfrastructureManufacturing	Dr. Joan Ogden, HTAC Hal Koyama, HTAC
9:45 – 10:45 am	Additive Manufacturing	Blake Marshall, Advanced Manufacturing Office, DOE
10:45 – 11:00 am	Break	
11:00 – 11:15 am	Review Hyundai Update	HTAC (no presenter)
11:15 – 12:15 pm	Other Business (including discussion of future meeting topics) Open Discussion	John Hofmeister, HTAC Chair
12:15 pm	Adjourn	

HTAC Hydrogen Production Expert Panel Workshop



May 2012 event kick-off featured opening remarks from U.S. Secretary of Energy Steven Chu

EXPERT PANEL GOALS

WORKSHOP PROCESS

- EVALUATE status and prospects for hydrogen production
- <u>IDENTIFY</u> key technologies and critical challenges in producing hydrogen for today's markets
- PRIORITIZE research and development needs
- STRATEGIZE how to best leverage R&D efforts among DOE Offices and Programs and with other agencies

Coordination by Panel Steering Committee with broad expertise

Panel Technical Experts present on opportunities and challenges

Breakout sessions of panelists and invited

stakeholders identify key challenges and

research priorities

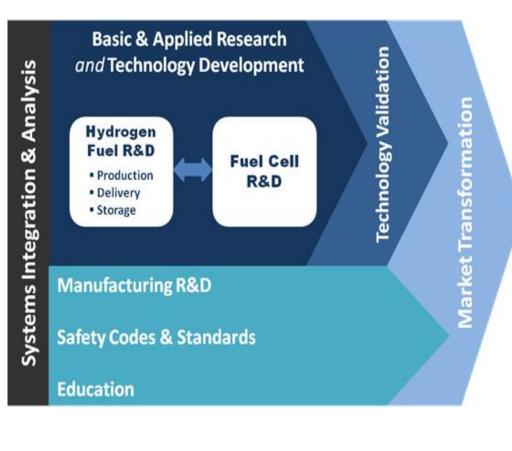
Examples of Recommendations and Activities/Responses

- Public-Private Partnerships to focus on infrastructure
- Hydrogen for Energy Storage
- Coordination & Collaboration within DOE & with other agencies

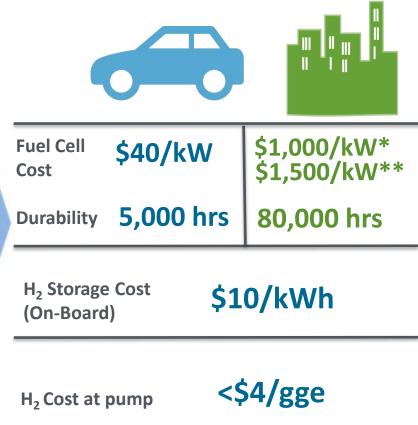
Recommendations Report and DOE response can be found at http://www.hydrogen.energy.gov/advisory_htac.html

DOE Hydrogen and Fuel Cells Program

Program Areas



2020 Targets by Application



^{*}For Natural Gas

^{**}For Biogas

R&D

Demonstration & Deployment

Accelerated Commercialization



- Pre-Competitive R&D
- USCAR, energy companies, EPRI and utilities



- Implementing Agreements
- 25 countries



- State Partnership and Collaboration



- International Government Coordination
- 17 countries and European Commission



Hydrogen Fueling Infrastructure Research and Station Technology



National lab (SNL & NREL) led activities with industry

- Public-Private Partnership
- ~30 partners

In addition to above partnerships, advice & peer review provided by Federal Advisory Committee (HTAC), NAS, GAO, IG, AMR

Sustainable TRANSPORTATION

Hydrogen and Fuel Cells

Transportation Efficiency

Diverse Fuel Sources

Domestic & Renewable



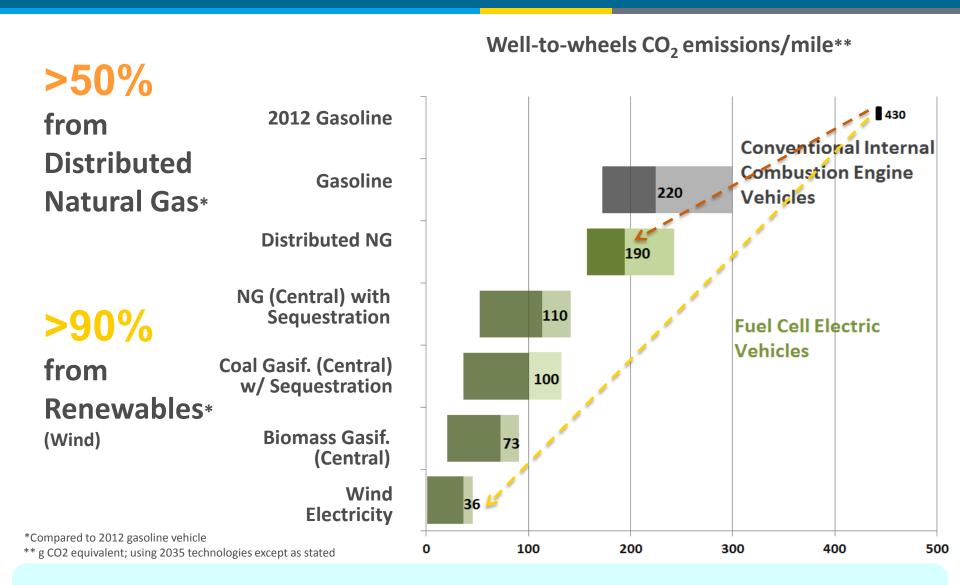
Bioenergy

National Energy Goals & Climate Action Plan

Net Oil Imports
50% by 2020

GHG Emissions
17% by 2020
>80% by 2050

FCEVs Reduce Greenhouse Gas Emissions



Substantial GHG reductions with H₂ produced from renewables

Research & Development

- 50% reduction since 2006
- 80% electrolyzer cost reduction since 2002

Fuel Cell System Cost*



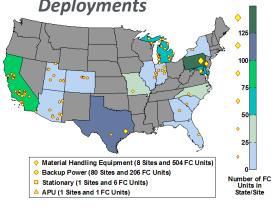
Demonstration

- >180 FCEVs
- 25 stations
- 3.6 million miles traveled
- World's first tri-gen station
 (250 kW on biogas,
 100 kg/d H2 produced)



Deployment

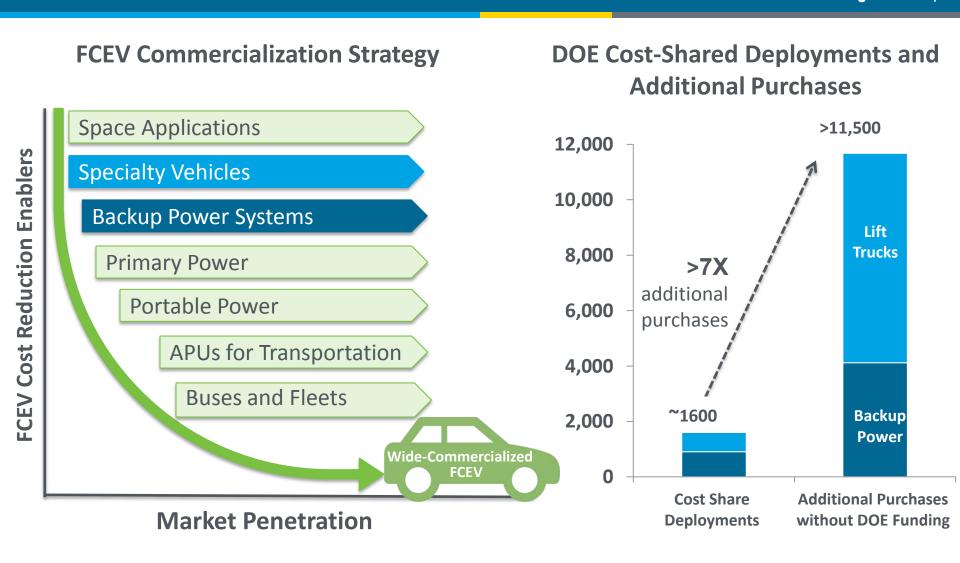
- Government Early Adoption (DoD, FAA, California, etc.)
- Tax Credits: 1603, 48C
- ~1,600 fuel cells deployed
- DOE Recovery Act &
 Market Transformation
 Deployments



DOE's RDD&D activities are enabling commercialization of fuel cells

DOE Funding Impact on Early Market Purchases





Catalyzing early markets enables broader commercialization of FCEVs

Available for Public Purchase soon....



Toyota Fuel Cell Electric Vehicle

Now Leasing...



Hyundai Tucson Fuel Cell SUV

In Auto Shows...



Honda Fuel Cell Electric Vehicle

OEMs bringing fuel cells to showrooms and driveways

H₂USA Public-Private Partnership to address H₂ Infrastructure Challenges

Fuel Cell Technologies Office | 14

H₂USA









































































3X increase in partners and growing since 2013

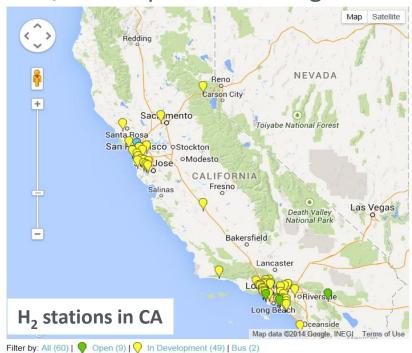
- **1500 mi.** of H₂ pipeline
- >9M metric tons produced/yr
- ~50 stations (~10 public)

Other States

- 8-State MOU Members: CA, CT, NY, MA, MD, OR, RI and VT
- MA, NY, CT: Preliminary plans for H₂ infrastructure and FCEVs deployment in metro centers in NE states.
- Hawaii: Public access refueling infrastructure on Oahu by 2020

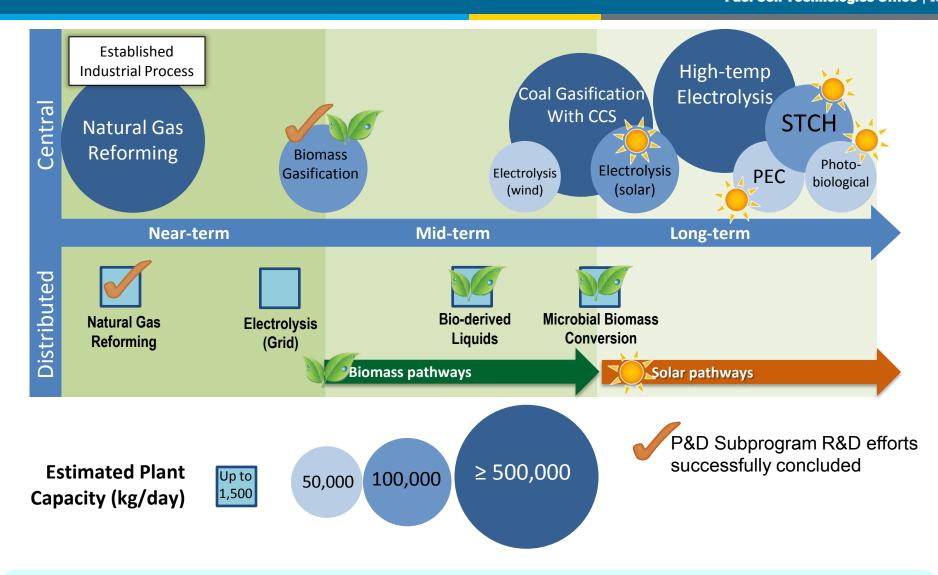
California

- 100 stations Goal
- >~\$70M awarded
- ~\$100M planned through 2023



California, NE States and Hawaii have H₂ infrastructure efforts underway

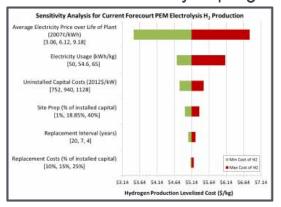
Hydrogen production pathways



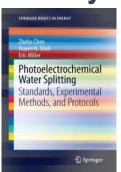
Develop technologies to produce hydrogen from clean, domestic resources at a delivered and dispensed cost of $< $4/kg H_2$ by 2020

Technoeconomic analysis

Fermentation case study in progress



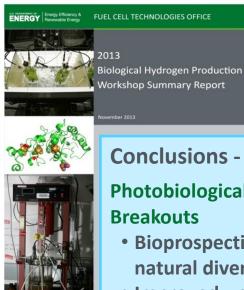
Pathway working groups



Biological Production group recently restarted

Inter- and intra-agency communication and collaboration

Workshops



Biological Hydrogen Production Workshop

Sponsored by FCTO Hosted by NREL

Conclusions - Key Needs

Photobiological Hydrogen Production Breakouts

- Bioprospecting to take advantage of natural diversity
- Improved understanding of electron flux
- Tool development
- Potential methods to avoid oxygen coproduction

Non-Light Driven Biological Hydrogen **Production Breakouts**

- Reactor design and scale-up
- Improved understanding of metabolism and energy flows
- Tool development

Cyanobacterial hydrogen production

Hydrogen from Water in a Novel Recombinant Oxygen-Tolerant Cyanobacterial System

Philip Weyman, J. Craig Venter Institute
(Project concluded)

Distal Medial Cluster

Cluster

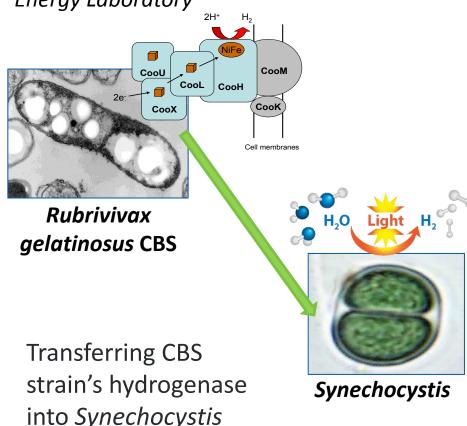
Proximal Cluster

Active Site (HynL)

Expressed and improved activity of an environmentally isolated hydrogenase in *Synechococcus*

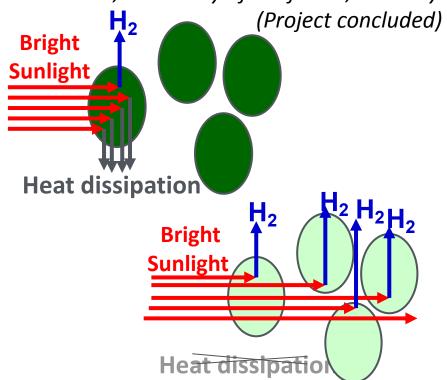
Improving Cyanobacterial O2-Tolerance using CBS Hydrogenase

Pin-Ching Maness, National Renewable Energy Laboratory



Maximizing Light Utilization Efficiency and Hydrogen Production in Microalgal Cultures

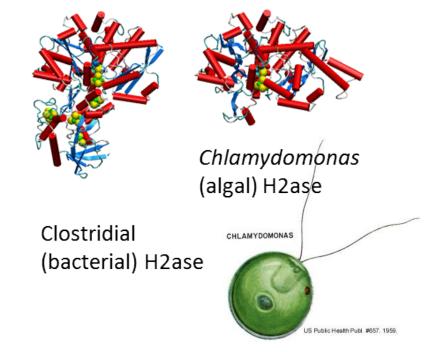
Tasios Melis, University of California, Berkeley



Shortened chlorophyll antenna to reduce excess photon collection, improving light utilization by cultures

Biological Systems for Hydrogen Photoproduction

Maria Ghirardi, National Renewable Energy Laboratory



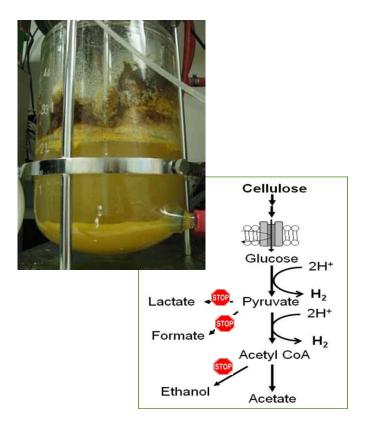
Integrating additional improvements into strain with demonstrated light-driven hydrogen production from non-native hydrogenase

Microbial Biomass Conversion



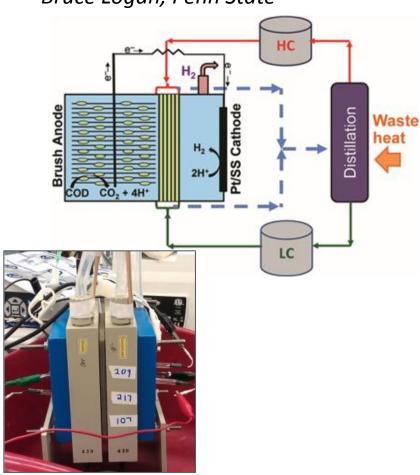
Fermentation and Electrohydrogenic Approaches to Hydrogen Production

Pin-Ching Maness, National Renewable Energy Laboratory



Improving hydrogen production from pretreated corn stover fermentation

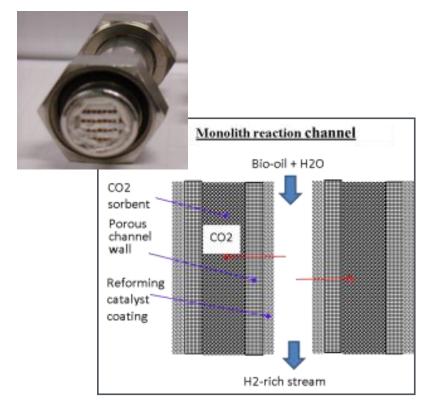
Bruce Logan, Penn State



Utilizing fermentation waste water to produce hydrogen from MRECs

Utilization of bioderived feedstocks

Monolithic Piston-Type Reactor for Hydrogen Production through Rapid Swing of Reforming/Combustion Reactions Wei Liu, Pacific Northwest National Laboratory



Producing hydrogen from bio-oils using a scalable, compact monolith reactor system

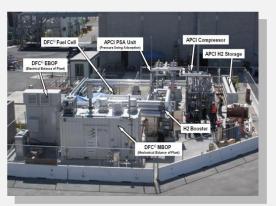
Bio-Fueled Solid Oxide Fuel Cells Gökhan Alptekin, TDA Research, Inc.

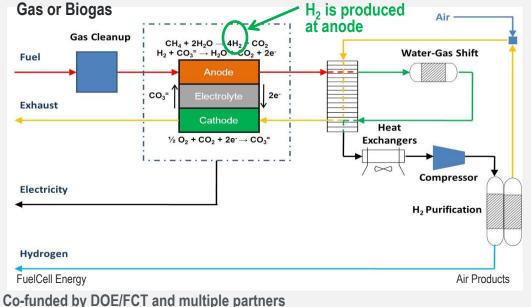


Gas clean-up system to enable the use of biogas in high temperature fuel cells

Demonstrated world's first Tri-generation station

- Demonstrated co-production of electricity and hydrogen with 54% efficiency
- Uses biogas from wastewater treatment plant





Fountain Valley demonstration

- ~250 kW of electricity
- ~100 kg/day hydrogen capacity (350 and 700 bar), enough to fuel 25 to 50 vehicles.



Tri-Generation co-produces power, heat and hydrogen. World's First Fuel Cell and Hydrogen Energy Station demonstrated in Orange County (DOE/FCT project)

- Continue to promote and strengthen R&D activities
 - H₂, fuel cells, safety, manufacturing, etc.
 - Cost, performance, durability need to be addressed
- Conduct strategic, selective demonstrations of innovative technologies
 - Industry cost share and potential to accelerate market transformation
- Continue to conduct key analyses to guide RD&D and path forward
 - Life cycle cost; infrastructure, economic & environmental analyses, etc.
- Leverage activities to maximize impact
 - U.S. and global partnerships
 - H2USA: Public-Private partnership to enable widespread commercialization of H₂ vehicles in the United States

Thank You

Dr. Sarah Studer

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hydrogenandfuelcells.energy.gov

Backup slides



Hydrogen & Fuel Cell Budget

Key Activity	FY 2014 (\$ in thousands)		FY 2015 (\$ in thousands)
	Request	Approp.	Request
Fuel Cell R&D	37,500	32,422	33,000
Hydrogen Fuel R&D	38,500	34,467	36,283
Manufacturing R&D	4,000	2,879	3,000
Systems Analysis	3,000	3,000	3,000
Technology Validation	6,000	6,000	6,000
Safety, Codes and Standards	7,000	6,909	7,000
Market Transformation	3,000	2,841	3,000
NREL Site-wide Facilities Support	1,000	1,000	1,700
SBIR/STTR		3,410	TBD
Total	\$100,000	\$92,928	\$92,983

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Office	FY 2014
EERE	\$93M
Basic Science ²	\$20M to \$25M
Fossil Energy, SECA	\$25M
ARPA-E ³	\$33M

FY14 DOE Total: ~\$175M

Consistent R&D funding request and appropriations in recent years

Hydrogen and Fuel Cell Summary FY15 Senate and House Language Fuel Cell Technologic			
	SENATE	HOUSE	
	Total recommendation: \$93,000,000	Total recommendation: \$100,000,000	
	• DOE should analyze, research and make	Technology Validation:	
	suitable investments in order to transform	• \$5,000,000 of funding above the request is for testing	
	the size, cost, scalability (including modular	and analysis of fuel cells as industrial-scale energy	
	stations), and interoperability of new retail	storage devices, with validation and testing using full-	
	hydrogen stations.	scale testing and demonstration capabilities.	

- DOE should focus on consumer acceptance and strategic locations.
- Recommends that DOE leverage national laboratory, university, and regional stakeholder partnerships and capabilities, including at-scale grid infrastructure, modeling expertise, extreme environment testing capabilities, and public-private partnerships.

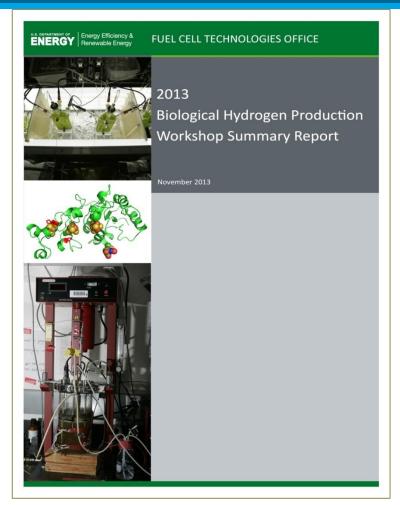
No specific direction on allocation of \$93M (consistent with request).

Advanced demonstration and deployment:

• \$2,017,000 above the request is for demonstration and deployment activities that validate commercial viability, including material handling equipment, ground support equipment, refrigerated trucks, auxiliary power units, and associated hydrogen infrastructure.

H2USA: Committee is encouraged by the collaborative approach reflected in H2USA. No direction.

Biological Hydrogen Workshop



September 24-25, 2013
Sponsored by Fuel Cell Technologies Office
Hosted by National Renewable Energy
Laboratory

Photobiological Breakouts

- Photolytic Hydrogen Production
- Photofermentative Hydrogen Production
- Biohybrid Systems and Enzyme Engineering for Hydrogen Production

Conclusions - key needs

- Bioprospecting to take advantage of natural diversity
- Improved understanding of electron flux
- Tool development
- Potential methods to avoid oxygen co-production

Non-Light Driven Biological Breakouts

- Fermentative Hydrogen Production
- Hydrogen Production by MxCs
- Genetic and Metabolic Engineering for Hydrogen
 Production

Conclusions - key needs

- Reactor design and scale-up
- Improved understanding of metabolism and energy flows
- Tool development

Workshop Report: Major Conclusions

Photobiological Hydrogen Production

Bioprospecting to take advantage of natural diversity

 Hypothesis- and target-driven studies could allow researchers to identify and understand potentially useful enzyme variations generated by nature that may allow for improved hydrogen production

Improved understanding of electron flux

 Understanding the energy flows within cells, both those that directly lead to hydrogen production, and those that can indirectly affect production, would allow better targeting of genetic engineering

Tool development

 Tools for manipulating many hydrogen-producing strains are currently limited, and developing these would enable researchers to improve strains of interest

Potential methods to avoid oxygen co-production

 Co-production of oxygen during photolysis damages the hydrogen-producing enzymes and causes practical problems for safety and hydrogen harvesting, so developing methods that avoid simultaneous coproduction would be beneficial

Non-Light Driven Biological Hydrogen Production

Reactor design and scale-up

 Reactors will need to be designed to provide conditions that maximize microbial production, can be integrated into feedstock sources such as biorefineries, and support high production rates at large scale

Improved understanding of metabolism and energy flows

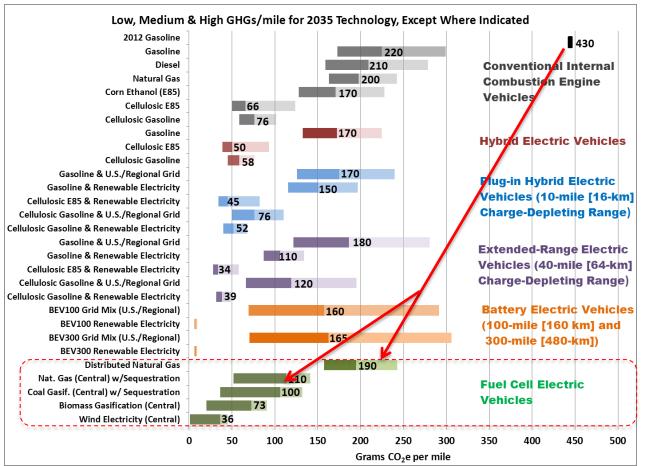
 Better understanding of metabolic pathways involved in feedstock breakdown and hydrogen production, and ion transfers in MxCs, particularly under relevant conditions, will be needed to guide optimization of the microbial characteristics and reactor design and conditions

Tool development

 Tools for manipulating many hydrogen-producing strains are currently limited, and developing these would enable researchers to improve strains of interest Well-to-Wheels Greenhouse Gas Emissions for 2035 Mid-Size Car

(Grams of CO2-equivalent per mile)

- Updated, peer-reviewed analysis (EERE multi-Office coordination)
- Hydrogen from natural gas can reduce GHG emissions by >50% (significantly more if centrally produced and with carbon capture)



Low/medium/high: sensitivity to uncertainties associated with projected fuel economy of vehicles and selected attributes of fuels pathways, e.g., electricity credit for biofuels, electric generation mix, etc.

See reference for details:

http://hydrogen.energy.gov/pdfs/13005_ well_to_wheels_ghg_oil_ldvs.pdf

Analysis by Argonne National Lab, National Renewable Energy Lab and EERE (Vehicles, Fuel Cells, & Bioenergy Technologies Offices) shows benefits from a portfolio of options

HTAC Members

Academia

- Anthony Eggert, UC-Davis
- Dr. Timothy Lipman, UC-Berkeley
- Dr. Joan Ogden, UC-Davis
- Dr. Levi Thompson, U. of Michigan

Associations/Non-Profits

- Catherine Dunwoody, California Fuel Cell
 Partnership → CARB
- Dr. Kathryn Clay, American Gas Association
- Robert Rose, Fuel Cell and Hydrogen Energy Association → BTI

Environmental

 Margo Oge, Environmental Protection Agency (ret'd)

Fuels Production

 John Hofmeister, Shell Oil Company (ret'd)

Government

- Dr. Peter Bond, Brookhaven National Laboratory
- Dr. Richard Carlin, Office of Naval
 Research
- Maurice Kaya, State of Hawaii (ret'd)
- Commissioner Janea Scott, California Energy Commission

Stationary Power

Harol Koyama, H2 PowerTech

Transportation

- Charles Freese, GM
- Dr. Alan Lloyd, ICCT (ret'd)

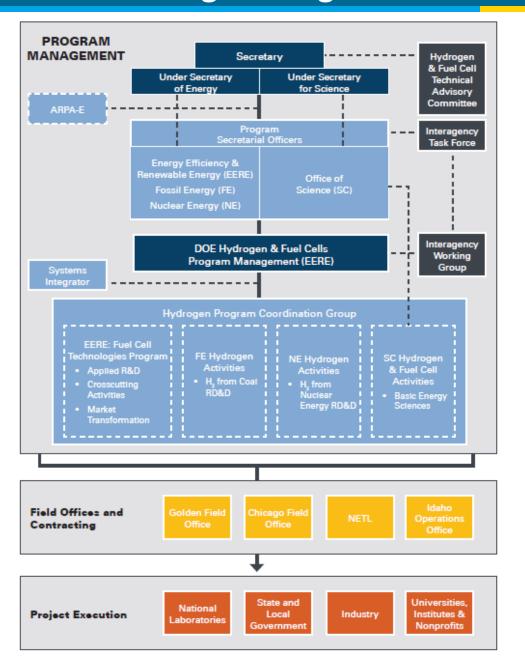
Utilities (Electricity & Natural Gas)

Frank Novachek, Xcel Energy

Venture Capital

- Paul Leggett, Morgan Stanley→ Mithril Capital
- Robert Shaw, Aretê Corporation

New Members

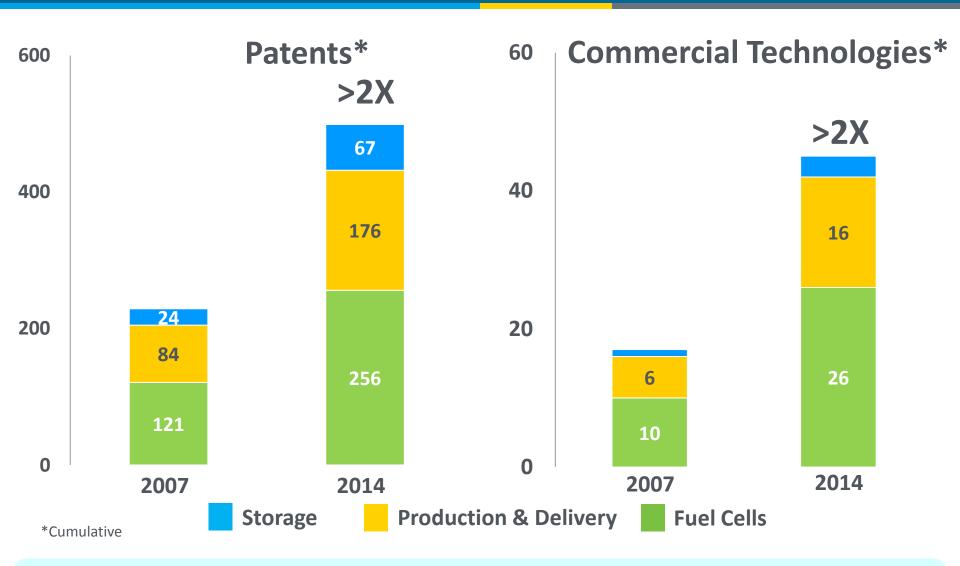


History:

- Hydrogen Program (renamed Hydrogen and Fuel Cells Program in FY10) includes EERE, FE, NE and SC
- EERE is lead for overall Program (since 2004)
- Program conducts monthly coordination working group meetings across EERE, FE, NE, and SC, and has an integrated strategic plan (Program Plan)
- Each office has its own multiyear RD&D plan

Technology Innovation and Commercialization



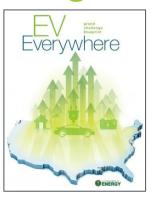


DOE funding has led to ~500 patents and 45 commercial technologies

Core Focus

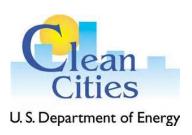
- Vehicle Electrification
- Materials Lightweighting
- Advanced Combustion
- Drop-in Biofuels
- Community Partner Projects
- Fuel Cell Technology
- Hydrogen Infrastructure
- Crosscuts (multi-office)

Programs & Initiatives













Portfolio of technology R&D and market transformation activities